### STORMY TRIP FOR HUGHES

GOVERNOR WALKS WHILE HIS CAR IS PUSHED FROM THE MUD:

Talks in The Bronx and Harlem After a Hard Run Through the Rain-Lands at the Garden Ten Minutes Late -Starts at 11 for Up-State Tour.

After speaking at four meetings in the lower East and West sides of the town and at Union Square yesterday afternoon, Gov. Hughes went to the Hotel Astor to rest up in preparation for the dash through The Bronx and Harlem, which was to precede his appearance at Madison Square Garden. He interrupted the resting spell long enough to greet a delegation of Germans headed by Louis Windmuller and neluding Gustav H. Schwab and Jacob Schiff, who came to assure Mr. Hughes that their fellow countrymen had not been scared away by the "personal lib-erty" cry.

At half past 5 Gov. Hughes went to the Union League Club to dine and shake with Mr. Taft. He had met with an enthusiastic reception at all of the meetings; but everything that had gone before was as nothing to the shouts that greeted him at the club when he grasped Judge Taft's hand and told him that he was eager to fight for his success.

The night ride through The Bronx and Harlem began shortly after 7. There was a rousing meeting on the way at the Zion A. M. E. Church in West Eightyninth street. The church was packed with negroes, who took mightily to the Governor's talk. A man, said to be the leader of the Independence League in that district, tried to interrupt the Governor with a question. He was hustled out by the a lot." police and for a moment it looked as though there might be a riot.

The meeting at the church had taken up more time than was intended and the drivers of the automobiles speeded to Huber's Casino at 162d street. The rain had made the asphalt slippery as grease and while the machines were going down the hill at Boradway and 155th street the car following the Governor's skidded and whirling around like a top struck the Governor's car, throwing it to one side and turning it completely around. No one was hurt and Mr. Hughes was on his way again in a minute

way again in a minute.

Huber's Casino was packed to the doors with 4,000 people who were so full of the cheering spirit that the Governor had a hard time getting his talk down to schedule

Governor's ear while trying to get from Jerome to River avenue struck across lots and got stuck in the mud on a hill-

distance further on the Governor's car got stuck on a newly laid section of car track, but Mr. Hughes's luck held in spite of all and he reached Camp Hughes, at 149th street, not more than fifteen min-utes behind schedule.

es behind schedule.
There was another rousing meeting at
The Governor hustled out the camp. The Governor hustled out only to find that his driver had gone off to help a brother chauffeur find a pail of

water for a thirsty radiator.

The continued delays made it pretty late when Mr. Hughes reached the Star late when Mr. Hughes reached the Star Casino at 107th street and Lexington avenue, and as soon as he could tear himself away from the crowd of would-be handshakers full speed was ordered for the run to the Garden. The route lay down Fifth avenue, and it was a wild race over the slippery pavements until Fifty-first street was reached. Here the Governor ran into the upper end of the parade, which stretched from that point to the Garden. He rode through a solid lane of redfire. "Hail to the Chief" to the Garden. He rode through a solid lane of redfire, "Hail to the Chief" vote in this State is practically solid for playing bands, tireless drum corps but happy people. He reached Madison Square Garden at twenty minutes of 10, only ten minutes that the playing bands of the charter of th

the Gorand Central Station shortly ter 11 and pulled out for his third tup the State. The first stop is to be wego, where Mr. Hughes will speak day. His campaign was to have ded at Kingston on Saturday night. but after a conference with Herbert Parsons yesterday it was decided that the Governor should come back to New York next Monday and make the last

LABOR MEN LIKE HUGHES.

Follows Judge Taft at the Crewded

Gov. Hughes was half an hour late in arriving at Cooper Union, but at 10:30, when he put in his appearance, the size of the crowd that had greeted Mr. Taft was not perceptibly diminished and the enthusiasm had not dropped in the least. The crowd would have cheered the Governor much longer than it did had he not waved his arms for silence for fully five minutes before he got a hearing. He said that he was more than sorry that he was behind in his schedule—that he had to catch a train for up State in a very few minutes and still had one more speech to make. He could not possibly remain more than ten minutes.

There had been a great deal of legislation of importance to labor in the last attend to it in a straightforward business way. He believed that the public business should be attended to in an even better way than private business. Since he had been in office he had en-deavored to perfect the Labor Department, and to that end was proud to have put a labor man at the head of it. A great deal had been done toward bettering the condition of the factories and ing the condition of the factories and toward lessening the duties of certain classes, particularly the employees of railways. The restrictions of the child labor law had been made greater, railway telegraphers' hours had been limited to eight hours and the hours of those employed in the movement of trains had been shortened.

"What I want to do in all matters applying the state of the state

employed in the movement of trains had been shortened.

"What I want to do in all matters applying to labor is to do the right thing. I want better traction facilities and the scrutinization of the accounts of street railways. We are entitled to the best transit facilities and we will have them, and at the same time we want to avoid the manipulation of securities. We can't help the past, but we can safeguard against the future.

"I have been criticised for vetoing a certain rate bill. No one knew what the result of that bill might have been. We can't cut into the earnings of railroads and at the same time insist on adequate service. They have told you that I am opposed to personal liberty. That is not true. When I saw what bertain unscrupplous men were doing I said that we had a service of the Mississippi the weather was generally fair and the pressure high.

Lower temperatures prevalled in New England, New York, lowa, Missouri, eastern Kansas, the lower Mississippi Valley and in most of the Rocky Mountain States twas warmer.

In this city the day was cloudy, with rain in the afternoon and at night; cooler; wind, light to resh northeast; average humidity, 84 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8.

A. M., 30.01; 3 P. M., 29.65.

The temperature posterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

1909. 1907. 1909. not true. When I saw what certain in-scrupulous men were doing I said that we would take stock. I am prepared to main-tain the same position if you return me to the Governor's chair. I have acted ac-cording to my best judgment. The Governor then hurried from the

hall while the crowd cheered.

His reception at the Thalia Theatre on the Bowery was fully as enthusiastic as it had been elewhere and there was not standing room when he arrived there at the standing room when he arrived there are the standing room when he arrived there are the standing room when he arrived room when he arrived the standing room when he arrived room when he

There he denied that he had signed a bill authorizing the descoration of a cemetery. He had signed a bill premitting the city authorities to open a road. It was his understanding that the road would not disturb a discount

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### CLOSE GOVERNORSHIP VOTE

ONE POLL SAYS CHANLER 7,000, ONE CHANLER 15,000.

Republicans Say Tatt's Rising Favor in the State Will Bring Hughes In-Ob. No, Says Conners; Bryan Will Have 40,000 Piurality and Chanler 100,000

"It is impossible to dope out the Governorship situation in New York," the politicians said yesterday. "Hughes is going to lose a lot and he's going to gain

Republicans who make a business of keeping tab on the State situation made the additional statement.

"Chanler to win must get a plurality of 140,000 below the Bronx line. There were two polls of the State in evidence yesterday These polls were taken by disinterested persons. One gave Chanler the State by 7,000 and the other by 15,000 plurality. The Republican national campaigners did not accept these polls as a true reflection of the situation. They believe that Taft will carry the State by 100,000 and more and

behind Taft's. The Democratic national campaigners Leaving Huber's the driver of the at all, but those who talked with them learned that their real belief is that if Taft should carry the State it will be

Hughes's plurality will not be much

side. The place was a swamp as desolate and seemingly as far from civilization as the heart of the Everglades.

It looked for a time as though the expedition would end right there, but Mr. Hughes got out in the mud and tramped along in six inches of water while a policeman, and a stenographer or two helped push the machine to the top. A short distance further on the Governor's car.

matter said they were more interested in Chanler than in Bryan and they feared Taft's rising vote and its effect upon the fortunes of Chanler. The Bryan men declared that they know of their own knowledge that Bryan's visit to the State had made terrific inroads on Taft's vote.

Chairman Mack of the Democratic national committee is of this opinion and Chairman Conners of the Democratic State committee made the following statement last night:

I am as firmly confident that Bryan and Chanier will carry the State of New York as I am that election day will come next Tuesday. My confidence is based on a complete canvass of the State and on detailed reports I have received this week from every Democratic State committeeman, county chairman and prominent party leader. These reports show that the labor crease in the Democratic vote in the rural

communities. every county in the State, estimates based upon existing conditions, and I firmly believe that the Republican national ticket will have less than 89,000 plurality outside Greater New York and the Republican State ticket less than 67,000. Bryan's plurality in the State will be more than 40,000 and Chanler's not less than 100,000. These

figures are conservative. Lieut.-Gov. Chanler has made a strenious and a winning campaign. Mr. Bryan's visit to the State of New York has been productive of immense good to the party. He has made a profound impression and we are many thousand votes stronger than when he began his tour of the State

The Tammany district leaders are to be called together on Saturday afternoon to give the estimate of their vote in the a message to the English people. thirty-five Assembly districts. Senator The Foreign Office officers stated that McCarren is to get his people round him on the same day for the same purpose. according to polls already made ranged tion was left. from 120,000 to 130,000, that is, 90,000 for New York county, 20,000 for Kings county, Queens, 7,500, and Richmond, 2,500, making 120,000 in all, to which more sanguine Chanler men added 10,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28 .- The Weather Bureau sends out the following storm

"Northeast storm warnings, 3:40 P. M. to Baltimore, Delaware Breakwater, Reedy Islands, Port Morris, Cape May, Atlantic City, Sandy Hook and New York. Depress sion over South Carolina, moving rapidly north to northeast."

Unsettled conditions were general east of the

aused rain in almost all the Atlantic States, the caused rain in almost all the Atlantic States, the lower Lake regions, the Alleghany Mountains and the east Gulf States. There was heavy rain in Georgia and a very heavy fall in Florida. West of the Mississippi the weather was generally fair

roed a of a rain. New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, rollowed by clearing and cooler to-day; fair to-morrow; fresh to strong northerly winds.

Foe western New York, western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair to-day; fair and cooler to-morrow; resh west to northwest winds.

TROUBLE OVER KAISER'S TALI

LONDON BITTER; PARIS MORE SO-OFFICIAL DENIALS.

Berlin Gives "Calculated Indiscretion a General Authentication-France Says Deleasse Killed Anti-English Plot-Deeds Contrasted With Words.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Oct. 29.-The Kaiser's sentinents as revealed in yesterday's "calculated indiscretion" are causing a sensation in Europe. They have completely eclipsed in interest the Balkan crisis at any rate in the western countries, and they have opened the floodgates of discussion in the press and in official diplomatic, political and general circles.

There is little present sign that the affect desired by the anonymous launcher of the imperial revelations will be achieved. Mistrust and fear, to say nothing of prejudice toward Germany, are too deeply rooted here to be eradi-cated by the mere words, however smiable, of the man who, for a large proportion of Englishmen, embodies the suses of such mistrust and fear.

The announcement of Emperor William's efforts in behalf of this country during the South African war falls coldly on minds permanently embittered by his telegram of sympathy to President Kruger, while nothing is likely to disabuse Englishmen of the opinion that the strengthening of the German fleet is designed to damage Great Britain.

A majority of the editorials this morning say nice things about the Kaiser's well meant offers of friendship. They admit the impulsive generosity, veracity and high personal character of the offers; but they cannot reconcile what one calls the amazing paradox of the Kruger telegram and the drawing up of a plan of campaign against the Boers, nor can they under-stand why the desire for friendliness was not expressed in friendly acts. Various German policies cited in this connection show German unfriendliness. One typi cal editorial puts the matter thus:

"The Emperor asks why his repeated offers of friendship are weighed and scrutinized with jealous and mistrustful eyes. We will tell his Majesty why. It is because the actions of his Ministers do not harmonize with his own words. It is because experience has taught us that sentiment in high places is not always a safe guarantee. It is because Germany has made us look closely at the logic of facts."

Regarding the alleged Russo-French efforts to humiliate Great Britain, the demands of German policy are held to have prompted the Kaiser's actions rather than any sentimental reasons, while the accuracy of his statements on this subject is challenged in many quarters.

Comment in official circles in London on the utterance collectively is to the effect that it contained a great many assertions that are contrary to the truth but no official denial can be issued.

In Paris, where the publication of the nterview has made a great stir, the Kaiser's words regarding the alleged Russo-French efforts are contradicted with brief courtesy and anonymous distinguished diplomatists" are launching an amusing variety of versions of what actually happened. It is foreseen that the utterances of the Emperor are likely to offend a majority of his own subjects and please very few.

Paris, Oct. 28.-The Kaiser's declara tions in the London Telegraph this morning of his part in maintaining the peace of Europe are widely reproduced here and have provoked expressions of amazement in the political world.

An official of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs declares that the truth regarding England at the time of the Boer War is that such a coalition was proposed, but when it was brought to the notice of M. Delcassé, who was then France's Foreign Minister and who was contemplating an entente with England, he denounced the scheme to Lord Salisbury, then the British Prime Minister.

The official added that it was impossible to believe that the sovereign who sent the telegram of encouragement to President Kruger of the Transvaal should take the credit of devising military strategy to crush the Boer republics.

Berlin, Oct. 28.-In answer to inquiries this afternoon the Foreign Office stated that the Kaiser's conversation as reported in the London Telegraph was in all essential points correct. It was added that the interview was intended as

the conversation was held in 1907 when the Kaiser was staying at High Cliffe There was a report last night to the effect Castle, England, with one of the guests, to that Chanler's plurality below the Bronx whose discretion the time of its publica-

> erroneous. Kaiser Wilhelm made his stay at High Cliffe Castle in December, 1907, returning to Berlin in time for Christmas. The interposition at Fez and the demand for the recognition of Mulai Hafid as Sultan of Morocco did not take place until the last days of August, 1908. The facts were cabled to THE SUN on September 1. Even the Kaiser could hardly have discussed these events eight months before they happened. In December, 1907, there was no apparent prospect of Mulai Hafid winning in his contest with his brother.

CIGARETTES GOOD FOR WOMEN Times a Day Would Help Nerves.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.-Dr. Rachel Skidelsky, one of the best known practitioners of Philadelphia and a member of the County Medical Society, after startling the Women's Club yesterday by defending the tobacco habit among men startled it still more to-day by advocating the use of cigarettes by women. Many physicians hold similar views.

Dr. Skidelsky said, but hesitate to advise their women patients to smoke because of a fear that what was offered as medicine might become habitual indulgence. Dr. Skidelsky was born in Russia, but has lived in this country for thirty-nine

years and has a large practice.

"I feel sure," she said, "that tobacco if pure and properly used might be beneficial to women. It is known to be valuable in functional disorders of the nerves.

As men find it valuable to soothe their nerves in the midst of cares or worries I do not see why women, whose worries are more numerous and whose nervous organization is more delicate, should not find benefit in its proper use also.

For eastern New York, rain, followed by clearing and cooler to day; fair to morrow; fresh to strong for five minutes before beginning her day and give the time to a cigarette she would be able to plan better the day.

would be, I think, of much benefit to her. I would, of course, recommend the practice only to such as were in no danger of becoming addicted to the more extended use of cigarettes.

"A woman smoking in public or for bravado merely I would not sanction at all."

LONDON HONORS THE WRIGHTS. Wilbur Begins Teaching French Count to Navigate the Acropiane.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN, LONDON, Oct. 28.—Wilbur and Orville Wright have been elected members of the Aero Club of the United Kingdom and have been awarded the club's 1908 gold medal.

LE MANS, France, Oct. 28.-Wilbur Wright began to-day the education of his apprentice pilots. The first was the Count de Lambert, who made three flights of twelve, eight and fifteen minutes respectively. The Count manipulated a supplementary lever on these trips, but on two other flights he himself conducted in proper fashion.

In an interview afterward the Count declared that it was easy to manœuvre the aeroplane and that he thought he would soon be able to direct it and make voyages in it on his own account.

AMERICAN HURT, WOMAN DEAD

Capt. Clarence Vyner in Auto Smashu in Austria-Chauffeur Killed Too.

VIENNA, Oct. 28.—Capt. Clarence Vyner who is described as a rich American residing here, was seriously injured while automobiling near Salzburg to-day in company with Mme. Bettin, a Chilean. Mme. Bettin and the driver of the car

were killed. The automobile became uncontrollable while running down a hill

SALUTES BERMUDA'S GOVERNOR Col. Chapman Visits the Scorpion-Des Moines Off for Guantanamo. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

KINGSTON, Oct. 28 .- Col. Chapman, the acting Governor, paid an official visit to-day on board the American gunboat Scorpion. He was received with a salute of seventeen guns.

The American cruiser Des Moines has sailed for Guantanamo, Cuba.

TCHAIKOVSKY OUT ON BAIL Release Only Temporary-New York Friends Trying to Haise More Money.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PETERSBURG, Oct. 28.-Nicholas Chaikovsky, the revolutionary leader, who was arrested shortly after his return from a visit to America, has been release

A meeting presided over by the Hon. Edward M. Shepard was held at the City Club vesterday afternoon to consider means for assuring the freedom of Nichoas Tchaykovsky. It was pointed out that the greatest obstacle to the raising of funds has been the persistent news from Russia about Tchaykovsky's release. At present the situation is that Tchaykovsky temporarily released by means partly a short loan raised by his daughter. or a short loan raised by his daughter. This loan expires in about ten days. It was the sentiment of the meeting that the United States ought to raise about \$8,500 more in order to supplement the \$12,500 raised in England and the \$4,000 raised in the United States. The meeting was held in response to a call signed by Bishop Greer, Lyman Abbott, Mr. Shepard, Herbert Parsons and William Jay Schieffelin, which said:

The fate of Nicholas Tchalkovsky, the venerable Russian patriot, is still undecided for lack of money sufficient to secure his release on bail. It is incorrectly reported in the newspapers that the bail has been ecured and he has been released. If he is to be released at all such release will be only temporary. Cabled advices from Tchaikovsky's daughter make clear the imperative necessity of immediately securing the sum of \$10,000, so that the conditions of the bail may be met. In the name of our common humanity and on behalf of an aged man whose life is in peril and whose self-sacrifice has won the admiration and respect of all who know him we urge you to be present.

ollowing appeal:

Funds are urgently needed to make good the guarantee by which the temporary re-lease of Nicholas Tchaykovsky has been secured. The bail fixed by the Russian Government was \$25,000. Of this sum \$13,900 has been subscribed outright in England. The remaining \$12,000 has been loaned by English friends of Miss Tchaykovsky in confident expectation that the American public, which so enthusiastically welcomed her father to this country, will make good the advance. Of this amount nearly \$4,000 has already been received. On account of the interest so publicly shown in Mr. Tchaikovsky and his cause and the part taken by Americans in urging his release the United States owes it to itself that this sum should be made up. Will you not help us to secure the remainder?

EDWARD M. SHEPARD, Chairman.

170 William st., New York city. Among those present were Norman Hapgood, A. S. Frissell, president of the Fifth Avenue Bank; Dr. Stephen S. Wise, head of the Free Synagogue; Hamilton Holt, Prof. William A. Brown of Union Theological Seminary, Dr. S. A. Knopf, Prof. Carl Lorentzen, Robert Erskine Ely and Joseph M. Price.

given at High Cliffe Castle appears to be BOUGHT ON CREDIT, SOLD CHEAP

Joseph Fuchs of the Joseph Fuchs Company of 1133 Broadway, and Edward Strauss, whose card identifies him as manager of the Empire City Investing Company of 29 Church street, both building concerns, were arrested yesterday by Lieut. McConville and Detective Nelson of Headquarters on warrants charging them with obtaining goods under false pretences and of secreting goods in violation of section 587 of the Penal Code. They were taken before Assistant District Attorney Kindleberger and then locked up at Headquarters to him that he had done three months for running a disorderly house in Brooklyn, was now under indictment for grand larceny in obtaining goods under false pretences and had been fined many times for violations of the excise law. He is said to have once been the proprietor of the Dry Dock Hotel at Bowery and Third street.

The warrants were sworn cut by George Mr. Kindleberger says Strauss admitted

Third street.

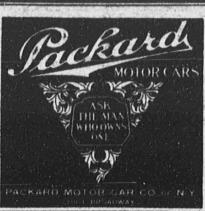
The warrants were sworn out by George M. Port, manager for the Hayes Rubber Company of 5? Warren street and by Edward W. MacLellan, manager for Clarkson & Ford, oil dealers, of Water street. Besides these there are a lot of aff-davits from people who have let Fuchs or Strauss have goods for which the years of the coops. got no pay. In several cases the goods were immediately resold at a low price to Jacob Franz of 416 Grand street. Fuchs

and Strauss gave each other as reference when buying on credit.

Both men deny any intention of wrong doing. Fuchs says he is a trustee of the Metropolitan Hospital and a member of the Wichita Club, Senator Frawley's creanization.

Cyrus L. Sulzberger Elected President of United Hebrew Charities.

Charities held a meeting yesterday afternoon at the United Charities Building. Henry Rice, who has been president of the organization for the last thirty-three years, asked that a younger man should be elected in his place. The di-rectors consented to do as he wished, and Cyrus L. Sulzberger was elected. Mr. Rice was made honorary president.



### RUSSIAN DIPLOMAT INSULTED

AUSTRIAN POLICE SEARCH HIS WIFE'S BAGGAGE.

M. Sergeleff Held Up on the Frontier of Servia-Excitement in St. Petersburg Over Prince George's Visit-Duma's Pro-Slav Attitude—Bulgaria Peaceful

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. BELGRADE, Servia, Oct. 28.—B. Sergeieff, the Russian Minister to Servia, crossed the railway bridge last evening to meet his wife at Semlin, on the other side of the Danube, in Austria-Hungary, on her return from Vienna. While he was recrossing the frontier into Servia he was roughly handled by the Austro-Hungarian frontier police, who ransacked Mme. Sergeleff's baggage.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 28.-Shortly before the arrival of Prince George of Servia here to-day a crowd of Slav enthusiasts assembled at the railway station. It included many members of the Duma, officers, students and Servian and Montenegrin residents and visitors all prepared to make a demonstration when the Prince's train came in. Soon, however, a large body of gendarmes arrived and roughly dispersed the crowd. They completely disregarded the protests of the members of the Duma, whomthey violently hustled outside.

The result was that when the Prince arrived there was no demonstration. He was welcomed by a group of court officials, but his admirers warmly cheered him in the streets as he drove past on his way to the palace.

At the opening of the autumn session of the Duma to-day great indignation was expressed in the lobbies at the action of the police last night in closing a meeting that was being held in St. Petersburg, under official sanction, to express sympathy with the southern Slavs. An urgent interpellation on the subject was subscribed to by Deputies of all parties and was discussed in the Duma

V. A. Maklakoff, one of the leaders of the Constitutional Democratic party, attacked the Government for endeavoring to stifle the voice of the country. He says the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Austria was a national question. The gagging of the nation could not be tol-

The motion for urgency was unanimously adopted.

LONDON, Oct. 29.-The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times says there is daily growing movement of public opinion in Russia in favor of a vigorous defence of the Balkan Slavs from the inroads of Germanism. The movement threatens to imperil the prospects of a

The apathy of the last two years has been dispersed by the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Austria, and a warlike spirit is permeating all classes and parties. The nation is once more The meeting raised a certain amount united. The Extreme Right party alone a three column interview with former

is refractory.

SOFIA, Oct. 28.—The joint note presented by Great Britain, France and Russia to Bulgaria advising her to send an envoy to Constantinople to arrange for compensation to Turkey also demands the dishandment, within three days, of the three classes of reservists that have been called to the colors It is made clear that the recognition of Bulmade clear that the recognition of Bul-garia's independence by the Powers de-pends on the previous conclusion of an understanding between Bulgaria and

Turkey.

Paris, Oct. 28.—The Motin publishes an interview between Czar Ferdinand and its Sofia correspondent in which Ferdinand says that he will make every effort to maintain a conciliatory and pacific attitude and will not begin a conflict. Should an attack be made on Bulgaria she would resist it, but with reluctance. She would never assume an offensive policy, he says.

RIDDER'S CHIP IS \$37,000,

a German Vote for Bryan. Herman Ridder, treasurer of the Demo ratic national committee, announced dditional contributions to the campaign

additional contributions to the campaign fund:

New York—Herman Ridder, \$10,000; Victor F. Ridder, \$5,000; Bernard H. Ridder, \$5,000; Joseph E. Ridder, \$5,000; Michael Fogarty, \$100; Morgan J. O'Brien, \$500; R. C. Monroe, \$100.

Pennsylvania—J. E. O'Donneil, \$100,

Missouri—Edward F. Goitra, \$2,000.

Nebraska—W. A. Woodward, \$200.

Delaware—Willard Sauisbury, \$200.

It looked as if Herman Ridder and his three sons had contributed \$37,000 in cash, but it was explained yesterday at national headquarters that while Herman Ridder's subscription was cash—and up to the Bryan limit—most of the sum appearing opposite the names of his sons represented out of pocket expenses in the forming for the last year of organizations for the support by German-Americans of the Democratic national ticket.

TAFT'S TRAIN PASSES BRYAN'S.

The Taft and the Bryan special trains passed at 11 o'clock yesterday morning at Hastings. The Bryan special had just come to a stop and the Democratic candidate was stepping out on the rear platform before a crowd of 400 or 500. As the Taft special sped by going south those on the rear platform of that train raised a shout and waved their handkerchiefs. Bryan didn't realize what it meant at first, but then apparently it flashed on him and he waved his hand. Mr. Taft was not out on the platform of his car. Somebody on the Taft train threw a handful of Republican buttons off in the Hastings crowd and they seemed to be glad to get them.

A Bryan crowd that was waiting at Tarrytown also scrambled for Taft buttons. The Taft and the Bryan special trains

OPPOSING JOINT RATE. Intrd Avenue Hallroad Boudholders Object to It. Another hearing was given yesterday by the Public Service Commission on the

by the Public Service Commission on the Fifty-ninth street transfer matter. John M. Bowers, counsel for the bondholders of the Third Avenue line, argued that the commission had no power to order a joint rate between the Fifty-ninth and Third Avenue lines. He asked for a dismissal of the tentative order directing a joint rate, but his application was dismissed by the commission. After hearing expert evidence to the effect that the giving of transfers between the Third Avenue line and the Belt Line companies would be unprofitable to the first named company the board adjourned the hearing until Friday.



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TAFT BOOST IN VIRGINIA. Thousands Hear Gen. Luke E. Wright De-

nounce Bryan Demogogy. RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 28.-Gen. Luke E. Wright, Secretary of War, to-night came to this city and addressed the independent voters. The hall was filled,

pendent voters. The hall was filled, 3,000 people being present.

Major James H. Dooley, who announced himself a Democrat, presided

Declaring that he had never voted and would never vote for Bryan, John Skelton Williams, former president of the Seaboard Air Line, introduced Gen. Wright, saying that he was one of the men who had dared to vote his convictions, who had served the South in the time of war and the country in the Philippines, and whose devotion to duty, ability and courage had been such that he had been called by a Republican President to fill the position of Secretary of War.

Gen. Wright received an ovation when he arose. He said that he was a Democrat, but that in the pending election he intended to vote for Taft, and urged his audience to vote its convictions without

audience to vote its convictions without regard to prejudice. He declared that the war had been over long enough for the people to let the dead past be forgotten.
"I am a Democrat," he declared with

emphasis, "and I tell you Bryan has never drawn a Democratic breath." The ap-plause at this was deafening. Continuing, he declared that not one of the theories or issues which "the great Popu-list" had espoused or predicted had ever

list" had espoused or predicted had ever come true.

Gen. Wright said that the people of the South for forty years had been voting from tradition rather than from conviction and that the present was the time to declare independence and to refrain from voting for demagogues who had grasped Democracy and carried the party into mires. He eulogized Judge Taft as a great man, a statesman and a man who, though a Republican, was not a partisan.

partisan.

Gen. Wright was received even more cordially than was Judge Taft on his recent visit to Richmond. The hall was overcrowded and an overflow meeting was held outside. GOMPERS'S INCONSISTENCY.

Labor Leader Wants to Know Why Vote Wasn't Offered to Socialists. PITTSBURG, Oct. 28.-In the issue o the Labor World which will reach its readers to-morrow morning there appears President Theodora J. Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, in which a attitude of

s attacked. In part Mr haffer says: Let me point out a peculiar feature o President Gompers's political campaign. He peddled the labor vote to the politicians, looking for the highest bidder. He tried to do business with the Republicans at Chicago and then made a bid to the Democrats at Denver. Why did he not give the Socialists a chance, and if the labor vote is the predominating vote of the country, surely he ought to have offered what he had that they would have far outbid the Demo-

Mr. Shaffer then cites instances and dates when Gompers used the time, money and organizers of the Federation of Labor to elect rich Democrats to Congress, even though he professed to be a Republican. In conclusion President Shaffer save be a Republican. dent Shaffer says:

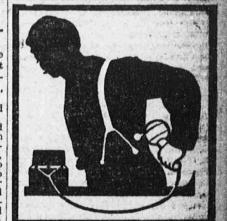
At the conclusion of the historic Home stead strike the labor movement made up its mind to try and reap revenge. Lots of vorkers were sent throughout the country dectioneering on the quiet for Cleveland. We secured our revenge and Cleveland was elected President. But, alas, we got more than we bargained for. All of our industries stopped and we had to put into operation soup kitchens. Wages were reduced over the country. This is the kind of revenge that President Gompers and his associates will reap for us if they have their

SAYS LEARY IMPRISONED HIM From 2 P. M. to 10 P. M. at State Elec-

Deputy Carmody of Supt. Leary's office asked Magistrate Barlow in the night court last night for a warrant for the arrest of James Thompson, an insurance agent of 60 Cherry street, for refusing to answer questions concerning persons registered from the house where he lives.

Thompson was brought to court about 10 o'clock and gave \$500 bail.

Thompson said in court that he was asked to sign affidavits that he didn't understand. He wouldn't do it, he said.



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MOTHER AND DAUGHTER OUT

Daughter Is the Widow of Theodore Cox -Each Challenges Other's Mind. Mrs. Alicia Norwood Cox, widow of Theodore Cox, the broker and clubman who died in Rawhide, Nev., last April, was arraigned in the Yorkville police court yesterday before Magistrate Crane charged with annoying her mother. Mrs. Ethel Josephine Norwood. Mrs. Cox, who is 34 years old and good looking explained that since the death of her husband she and her two children. Theodore, 3 years, and Norwood, 9 months, have been in sorry straits, and that yesterday she went to the home of her sister. have been in sorry straits, and that yesterday she went to the home of her sister, Mrs. Joel Rathbone, at 133 East Sixty-first street, where her mother is visiting to get aid. She denied that she raised any disturbance, but the mother and Mrs. Rathbone said she did, and Magistrate Crane warned Mrs. Cox not to annoy her family any more. The Court then turned her over to the care of Miss Alice Smith, the probation officer.

the probation officer.

Mrs. Norwood told Magistrate Crane she believed her daughter was mentally unbalanced and that she had been planning to have her examined by alienists. Mrs. Cox replied that she was mentally sound, but was in doubt as to her mother's state of mind

of mind.

"My mother and I have never been able to get along because I am a Catholic, she added, "and that is the only reason why she is embittered against me. I became converted in a convent, and ever since my people learned of it they have repulsed me from time to time."

Mrs. Norwood said her daughter's faith had nothing to do with the breach. "She has given us trouble for some time." and declared, "and, unable to stand it any longer, we called in a policeman and had her arrested."

The mother added that she had given her

her arrested."

The mother added that she had given her daughter an ample allowance for her support. "At first I allowed her \$1,890 a year." Mrs. Norwood said, "and when she wrote me an impertinent letter I cut it to \$1,500. Upon the receipt of a second like letter I cut it to \$1,300, and then, contrary to the conditions, she came to New York three weeks ago, and I stopped the allowance altogether until she behaves

allowance altogether until she behaves herself."

Mrs. Norwood's husband is Carlisle Norwood, a corporation lawyer at 65 William street, who is reputed to be wealthy. He is living at Tuxedo, while she is temporarily staying with her daugh.

understand. He wouldn't do it, he said, without consulting his lawyer, and at about 2 o'clock he was put in a room with bars on the windows and kept there until he was taken to court. He said he could not even get a drink of water.

Supt. Leary said last night that he didn't know about Thompson's case, but that all witnesses were examined in a vacant store on the first floor of the Bryant Park Building, where his office is. Some of the store windows have bars. Witnesses were always allowed to get a drink of water or anything stronger if they wanted to, provided a deputy went along.

## JACOB RUPPERT'S KNICKERBOCKER BEER

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